



Understanding Resources for Patients on REMICADE®

Learn about resources and programs that are available to support your REMICADE® treatment

Whether you're just getting started with your REMICADE® treatment or looking for options to help you stay on treatment, we want you to have access to the information, programs, and support that you need.

SELECTED IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

REMICADE® can lower your ability to fight infections. Serious and sometimes fatal events can occur. There have been reports of serious infections, including tuberculosis (TB) and infections caused by bacteria, fungi, or viruses that have spread throughout the body or cause infections in certain areas. Lymphoma, including a fatal kind called hepatosplenic T-cell lymphoma, and other cancers have been reported in children and adults taking REMICADE®. Some people with heart failure should not take REMICADE®. Other serious side effects reported include skin cancer, cervical cancer, hepatitis B, heart problems or stroke within 24 hours of infusion, liver injury, blood problems, nervous system problems, allergic reactions, or lupus-like syndrome. To learn more about these and other risks, please read the Important Safety Information on pages 8-9 of this brochure and the [Medication Guide](#) and discuss any questions you have with your doctor.

Infusion Resources

Preparing for Your REMICADE® Infusion

Once you and your doctor have decided that REMICADE® is right for you, your doctor's office or infusion center will schedule your appointments. REMICADE® is given through a needle placed in your vein, usually in your arm. For detailed information about the REMICADE® infusion process and questions, please talk to your doctor. The tips below will help guide and prepare you for your infusion.

Before you arrive



Drink Up!

It's a good idea to show up to your infusion well hydrated.



Pack Up!

REMICADE® is administered over a period of about 2 hours. Bring a book, laptop, tablet, or other digital device...or just a pillow to take a nap to pass the time.



Dress Up!

It's important to dress for the occasion. Make comfort a priority: Wear loose-fitting clothing and layers in case you get too warm or cold.

During your intravenous (IV) infusion



When you arrive, your healthcare professional will check your vital signs, ask you questions about your overall health, and provide you with the Medication Guide to read before each infusion.



A healthcare professional will determine the right amount of medication for you based on your weight and will be there to give you your treatment. Your doctor may decide to give you other medications before starting the REMICADE® infusion to prevent or lessen side effects.



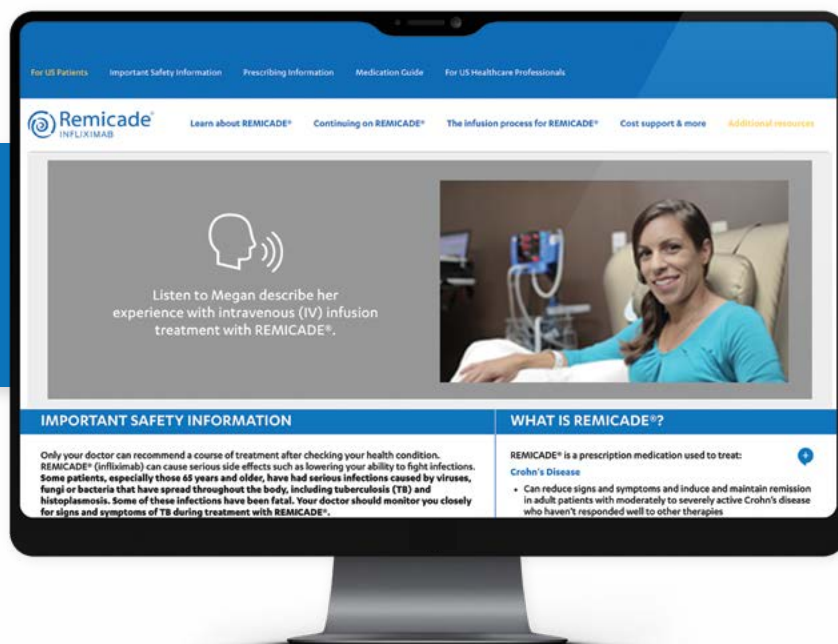
A healthcare professional will check in with you during your infusion. The infusion is given over a period of about 2 hours.

After your IV infusion

You will be monitored at the doctor's office or infusion center for a period of time afterward just to make sure you are not having a reaction, and then you will be free to leave. You should be able to continue your normal schedule, as advised by your doctor.



Visit **Remicade.com** to view a video of a real patient talking about her infusion experience.



Finding an Infusion Center



Some doctors offer IV infusion services on-site. If your doctor's office doesn't, it's easy to find an infusion center near you.

Visit **2infuse.com** to find treatment locations that are close to your home or workplace.

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Cost Support Resources

Get Support for REMICADE®

Once you and your doctor have decided that REMICADE® is right for you, J&J withMe will help you find the resources you may need to get started and stay on track. We will give you information on your insurance coverage, potential out-of-pocket costs, and treatment support, and identify options that may help make your treatment more affordable.



Paying for REMICADE®



J&J withMe can identify cost support options that may help with managing your out-of-pocket costs—whether you have commercial or private health insurance, government coverage such as Medicare or Medicaid, or have no insurance coverage. [**Learn more**](#)

Getting Started



J&J withMe can review your health plan benefits and insurance coverage for REMICADE® and offer treatment education resources. [**Learn more**](#)

Staying on Track



We understand how important it is for you to take your REMICADE® as your doctor prescribed. J&J withMe provides ongoing support that may help you stay on track with your REMICADE® treatment. [**Learn more**](#)

Affording Treatment With REMICADE®

At Johnson & Johnson, we don't want cost to get in the way of treatment you need. We can help you explore options to lower your out-of-pocket cost for your REMICADE®. No matter what type of insurance you have—or even if you don't have insurance—J&J withMe can help explain your medication insurance coverage and potential out-of-pocket costs and help find programs that may help you pay for your REMICADE®.

Affording Treatment With REMICADE® (cont)

If you have commercial or private health insurance and need help paying for your REMICADE®, the J&J withMe Savings Program may be able to help. For more information, visit Remicade.JNJwithMeSavings.com.

If you don't have commercial or private health insurance, J&J withMe can provide information about other resources that may help with your out-of-pocket medication costs. You may also find help from the programs and resources found on JNJwithMe.com.

Visit JNJwithMe.com/Remicade.

If you have questions, call a Case Manager at 877-227-3728, Monday–Friday, 8:00 AM–8:00 PM ET.

J&J withMe Savings Program

For patients using commercial insurance to pay for REMICADE®

ELIGIBLE PATIENTS PAY

\$5 PER INFUSION

Eligible patients using commercial or private insurance can save on out-of-pocket medication costs for REMICADE®. Eligible patients pay \$5 per infusion. Maximum program benefit per calendar year shall apply. Not valid for patients using Medicare, Medicaid, or other government-funded programs to pay for their medications. Terms expire at the end of each calendar year. Offer may change or end without notice. Restrictions, including monthly maximums, may apply. Program does not cover the cost to give you your infusion. **See program requirements.**

To enroll in the J&J withMe Savings Program

Visit Account.JNJwithMe.com to create an online account, check your eligibility, enroll in the Savings Program, manage your Savings Program benefits, and receive timely alerts and program updates.

The support and resources provided by J&J withMe are not intended to provide medical advice, replace a treatment plan you receive from your doctor or nurse, or serve as a reason for you to start or stay on treatment.


Please read the Important Safety Information on pages 8-9 and the [Medication Guide](#) and discuss any questions you have with your doctor.


Exploring Options for Staying on REMICADE®

If Your Health Plan Does Not Approve REMICADE® Treatment

- Your first step should be to work with your doctor to understand your options for remaining on REMICADE®
- Your doctor will likely need to go through the exception or appeal process given that your coverage has changed. This will require your doctor to submit a letter of medical necessity to your health plan, providing further information to support why you need to stay on REMICADE®. The timeframe for this process will depend on your health plan
- J&J withMe can provide your doctor and your doctor's office with additional information, if requested
- You and your doctor have the right to ask your health plan to explain its decision and consider making REMICADE® available for you as an exception to its policies
- In addition, if you and your doctor would like to learn about patient advocacy groups and the resources they may have available to you, you can find this information at **JNJwithMe.com/Remicade**


REMICADE® Discussion Guide
Questions for you to consider if you are asked to change medications





Together you and your doctor chose REMICADE®, but your health plan may be asking that you switch to another medicine. This discussion guide may help you work with your doctor to learn more about why you're being asked to switch and what options are available. **Print this guide, identify questions you'd like to ask, and bring it to your next appointment.**


1. Why am I being asked to switch?
2. Do I have to switch my medication?
3. Which medication might I be switched to?
4. Would you explain to me the risks and benefits of the medication to which I might switch?
5. How can I have a say in my treatment decision?
6. If REMICADE® is still right for me, what are the next steps?
 - What do I need to do?
 - What do you need to do?
 - Who from your office can help me?
7. If you are being asked to switch to a biosimilar: What is a biosimilar?
8. Can you tell me about the support programs for this product?



When it comes to selecting a treatment, it's important to know the facts about your medication. Talk with your doctor to see if REMICADE® is still right for you and about your options for staying on treatment.

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If you've been asked to switch medications, download a discussion guide that can help you talk with your doctor about your treatment and your options—available on **Remicade.com** in the Additional Resources section.

The support and resources provided by J&J withMe are not intended to provide medical advice, replace a treatment plan you receive from your doctor or nurse, or serve as a reason for you to start or stay on treatment.

What Conditions Is REMICADE[®] Used to Treat?

REMICADE[®] is a prescription medication used to treat:

Crohn's Disease

- Can reduce signs and symptoms and induce and maintain remission in adult patients with moderately to severely active Crohn's disease who haven't responded well to other therapies

Pediatric Crohn's Disease

- Can reduce signs and symptoms and induce and maintain remission in children (ages 6-17) with moderately to severely active Crohn's disease who haven't responded well to other therapies

Ulcerative Colitis

- Can reduce signs and symptoms, induce and maintain remission, promote intestinal healing, and reduce or stop the need for steroids in adult patients with moderately to severely active ulcerative colitis who haven't responded well to other therapies

Pediatric Ulcerative Colitis

- Can reduce signs and symptoms and induce and maintain remission in children (ages 6-17) with moderately to severely active ulcerative colitis who haven't responded well to other therapies

Rheumatoid Arthritis

- Can reduce signs and symptoms, help stop further joint damage, and improve physical function in adult patients with moderately to severely active rheumatoid arthritis, in combination with methotrexate

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Can reduce signs and symptoms of active arthritis, help stop further joint damage, and improve physical function in adult patients with psoriatic arthritis

Ankylosing Spondylitis

- Can reduce signs and symptoms in adult patients with active ankylosing spondylitis

Plaque Psoriasis

- Approved for the treatment of adult patients with chronic severe (extensive and/or disabling) plaque psoriasis under the care of a physician who will determine if REMICADE[®] is appropriate considering other available therapies

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IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

Only your doctor can recommend a course of treatment after checking your health condition. REMICADE® (infliximab) can cause serious side effects such as lowering your ability to fight infections. **Some patients, especially those 65 years and older, have had serious infections which include tuberculosis (TB) and infections caused by viruses, fungi, or bacteria that have spread throughout the body or caused infections in certain areas (such as skin). Some of these infections have been fatal. Your doctor should monitor you closely for signs and symptoms of TB during treatment with REMICADE®.**

Unusual cancers have been reported in children and teenage patients taking tumor necrosis factor (TNF) blocker medicines. Hepatosplenic T-cell lymphoma, a rare form of fatal lymphoma, has occurred mostly in male teenagers or young men with Crohn's disease or ulcerative colitis who were taking REMICADE® and azathioprine or 6-mercaptopurine. For children and adults taking TNF blockers, including REMICADE®, the chances of getting lymphoma or other cancers may increase. You should discuss any concerns about your health and medical care with your doctor.

It is not known if REMICADE® is safe and effective in children under 6 years of age.

What should I tell my doctor before I take REMICADE®?

You should let your doctor know if you have or ever had any of the following:

- Tuberculosis (TB) or have been near someone who has TB. Your doctor will check you for TB with a skin test. If you have latent (inactive) TB, you will begin TB treatment before you start REMICADE®.
- Lived in a region where certain fungal infections like histoplasmosis, coccidioidomycosis, or blastomycosis are common.
- Infections that keep coming back, have diabetes or an immune system problem.
- Any type of cancer or a risk factor for developing cancer, for example, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) or had phototherapy for psoriasis.
- Heart failure or any heart condition. Many people with heart failure should not take REMICADE®.
- Hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection or think you may be a carrier of HBV. Your doctor will test you for HBV.
- Nervous system disorders (like multiple sclerosis or Guillain-Barré syndrome).

Also tell your doctor if you:

- Use the medicines Kineret (anakinra), Orencia (abatacept) or Actemra (tocilizumab) or other medicines called biologics used to treat the same problems as REMICADE®.
- Are pregnant, plan to become pregnant, are breast-feeding or plan to breastfeed, or have a baby and were using REMICADE® during your pregnancy. Tell your baby's doctor about your REMICADE® use. If your baby receives a live vaccine within 6 months after birth, your baby may develop infections with serious complications that can lead to death.
- Recently received or are scheduled to receive a vaccine. Adults and children taking REMICADE® should not receive live vaccines or treatment with a weakened bacteria (such as BCG for bladder cancer) while taking REMICADE®.

What should I watch for and talk to my doctor about before or while taking REMICADE®?

The following serious (sometimes fatal) side effects have been reported in people taking REMICADE®.

You should tell your doctor right away if you have any of the signs listed below:

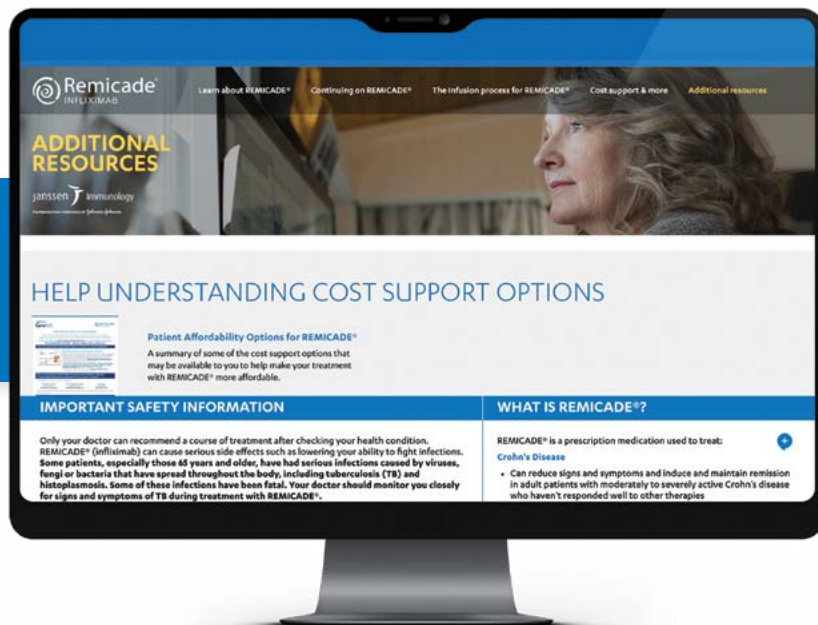
- **Serious infections (like TB, blood infections, pneumonia)**—fever, tiredness, cough, flu-like symptoms, or warm, red or painful skin or any open sores. REMICADE® can make you more likely to get an infection or make any infection that you have worse.
- **Reactivation of HBV**—feeling unwell, poor appetite, tiredness, fever, skin rash and/or joint pain.
- **Lymphoma, or any other cancers in adults and children.**
- **Skin cancer**—any changes in or growths on your skin.
- **Cervical cancer**—your doctor may recommend that you be regularly screened. Some women with rheumatoid arthritis, particularly those over 60, have developed cervical cancer.
- **Heart failure**—new or worsening symptoms, such as shortness of breath, swelling of ankles or feet, or sudden weight gain.
- **Other heart problems within 24 hours of infusion, including heart attack, low blood flow to the heart, or abnormal heart rhythm**—chest discomfort or pain, arm pain, stomach pain, shortness of breath, anxiety, lightheadedness, dizziness, fainting, sweating, nausea, vomiting, fluttering or pounding in your chest, and/or a fast or a slow heartbeat.
- **Liver injury**—jaundice (yellow skin and eyes), dark brown urine, pain on the right side of your stomach area, fever, or severe tiredness.
- **Blood problems**—fever that doesn't go away, bruising, bleeding or severe paleness.
- **Nervous system disorders**—changes in your vision, numbness or tingling in any part of your body, seizures, or weakness in your arms or legs.
- **Stroke within 24 hours of infusion**—numbness or weakness of the face, arm or leg, especially on one side of the body; sudden confusion, trouble speaking or understanding; sudden trouble seeing in one or both eyes; sudden trouble walking; dizziness; loss of balance or coordination; or a sudden, severe headache.
- **Allergic reactions during or after infusion**—hives, difficulty breathing, chest pain, high or low blood pressure, and fever or chills.
- **Delayed allergic reactions (3 to 12 days after infusion)**—fever, rash, headache, sore throat, muscle or joint pain, swelling of the face and hands, or difficulty swallowing.
- **Lupus-like syndrome**—chest discomfort or pain that does not go away, shortness of breath, joint pain, rash on the cheeks or arms that gets worse in the sun.
- **Psoriasis**—new or worsening psoriasis such as red scaly patches or raised bumps on the skin that are filled with pus.

The more common side effects of REMICADE® include respiratory infections (such as sinus infections and sore throat), headache, coughing and stomach pain.

Please read the full [Prescribing Information](#) and [Medication Guide](#) for REMICADE® and discuss any questions you have with your doctor.

You are encouraged to report negative side effects of prescription drugs to the FDA.

Visit www.fda.gov/medwatch, or call 1-800-FDA-1088.



Visit **Remicade.com** for more educational resources about treatment with REMICADE[®].



Questions about REMICADE[®]?

Visit **Remicade.com**.



Questions about cost, coverage, and treatment support for REMICADE[®]?

Visit **JNJwithMe.com/REMICADE**.



Questions about your treatment options?

Please talk to your doctor about what might be right for you.

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